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PHENETHYL β -D-GLUCOPYRANOSIDE FROM THE FLOWERS OF Rosa gallica

V. N. Mel'nikov, P. S. Bugorskii, and V. V. Medvedkova

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The essential oil of the rose consists mainly of monoterpene alcohols and β -phenylethanol. There is information in the literature of the presence of only monoterpene glycosides in rose flowers [1].

An aqueous ethanolic extract of fresh flowers of Rosa gallica L. (French rose; of the essential-oil variety Krymskaya Krasnaya) was separated by chromatography of silica gel; elution of the column with the solvent mixtures 1) benzene-ethanol (7:3) and 2) ethyl acetate-ethanol-water (10:2:3) yielded a crystalline substance with the composition $C_{14}H_{20}O_6$, mp 38-39°C [α] $_D^{20}-33.5$ ° (c 3.0; water), calculated according to Klyne-23.3° [2], soluble in water and ethanol and, on heating, in benzene.

UV spectrum λ_{max} (in ethanol) 253, 256 m μ (log ϵ 2.56, 2.57). IR spectrum (cm⁻¹): 706, 750 (monosubstituted aromatic nucleus); 1460, 1500, 1579 (C = C of an aromatic nucleus) [3]; 780, 1022, 1050, 1078 (pyranose ring); 904 (β -glycosidic bond); 3623 (OH group) [4, 5]; mol. wt. 278 (cryoscopically).

On acid and enzymatic hydrolysis of the substance with β -glucosidase in acetate buffer, pH 5.8, a monosaccharide was obtained which was identified chromatographically as D-glucose. The aglycone was identified as β -phenylethanol by GLC comparison with an authentic sample, and also by their IR and UV spectra [6].

Thus, the substance isolated is phenethyl β -D-glucopyranoside, and its structure can be represented by the following formula:

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